



First Year Entrance Exam
English curriculum

ENGLISH LANGUAGE EVALUATION

Duration: 2 hours

Anonymat _____

N.B. ANSWER SECTIONS A, B and C ON THIS PAPER

SECTION A: GRAMMAR /10 Marks

I- Do as indicated./5marks

- 1- The police officer ordered that all the _____ (steal) goods must _____ (bring) back by the thieves immediately. (**give the correct form of the verbs**)
- 2- People _____ salaries were reduced are so disappointed. (**complete with your own word**)
- 3- It will not be easy for these children to fast since they _____ three times every day. (**choose: used to eat/ are used to eating**).
- 4- You need to take care of your children seriously. _____ (**give the part of speech of the underlined expression**)
- 5- These athletes won the race because they ran _____ (**faster**) (**give the adverb**)
- 6- We said our prayers. We started our meeting. (**join the two sentences with "having"**)
- 7- _____
Fall had found no difficulty deceiving people. (**without changing the meaning, rewrite the sentence using "any"**) _____
- 8- _____
Nobody gave the appropriate answer, _____ ?(question tag)
- 9- If the students don't prepare their exam thoroughly, they will fail. (**rewrite the sentence using "unless"**) _____
- 10- Traditional means of communication are far _____ than modern ones. (choose: **cheaper, more cheaper**)
- 11- The population would not have caught malaria if people _____ (sleep) under a mosquito net. (**put in the correct tense**)
- 12- The Peruvian president committed suicide some days ago. (**passive form**)
- 13- You should have _____ me that I promised to give you a present. (choose: **recollected, reminded, remembered**)
- 14- "People should not built houses in risky areas", advised the mayor. (**indirect speech**)
- 15- The victims received psychological support. They got compensations from the government. (link with **"not only...but also"**)

- 16- This man is a polygamist. He has the right to take a second wife. (**join with “being”**)
- 17- There are hardly _____ errors in his work. (**no, any, some**) 18- This woman won't lend us money _____ she is assured that we will reimburse it. (**provide your own word to complete the sentence**)
- 19- He does not like taking the bike, _____. (**I don't neither, neither do i**)
- 20- There is just _____ water left in the bucket. (**less, few, little**)

SECTION B SECTION B: VOCABULARY /10 Marks

I- Find an appropriate word or phrase for each definition/ 5mks

- 1- Organization in charge of keeping peace in the world and helping countries in different domains: _____
- 2- Way of treating people unfairly because of their race, social rank or gender: _____
- 3- Type of factory where people work very hard in bad conditions and earn very little money: _____
- 4- One of the most serious and deadly disease attacking mostly children and pregnant women in Africa: _____
- 5- Someone who accomplishes something important: _____ II-

Underline the correct answer from the brackets. /2.5mks

- 1- When you receive guests, always try to make them feel (**homely/ at home/ homesick**).
- 2- Compassionate people always feel sympathy (**for/to / with**) the needy.
- 3- My father is very old, but he is (**alive/ living/ life-like**) and well.
- 4- The immediate needs of most (**sympathizers/ survivants/ survivors**) of the tsunami have been catered for.
- 5- The boxer **froze** when he saw his challenger. He refused to fight him. (**froze= could not move/ became ice/ became very frightened**)

SECTION C: COMPREHENSION / 10 Marks

Read the following passage carefully. Then, write the answers to the questions in the space provided.

Our rubbish and us

One of the striking things about our big towns and cities at the beginning of this millennium is that they should be very clean. As a matter of fact, they are very dirty. This is because as a nation we have not yet mastered how to handle our rubbish. Rubbish disposal, or the putting away of our household and other waste in a hygienic manner, is still a problem to us. Look around most of our schools. Are you proud of your compound?

Many people think that the disposal of refuse is the responsibility of children. Day in day out you see children in our towns carrying containers of household refuse, looking for a place to put them away. Even in cities where there is municipal service for garbage collection, people still do not use the service properly.

There are many ways of disposing rubbish. The oldest method was by recycling. In older days metal implements which were not needed were melted down and used to make other instruments. Even in our villages today, people still transform old metal objects into useful tools. People use old drums for example, to make the wall of fences or gates for their houses.

Another way of disposing rubbish is by burying it. In many farms, our farmers have learned to bury poor crops and plants in huge pits or holes. This is also a very good way to deal with rubbish. In some towns people dig huge pits and throw their refuse into the pits. However, the inconvenience here is that they don't take the pain to cover the pits. So after a long time, the pits become a source of disease and infection in the communities since flies, rats and other rodents invade then and later on visit the homes of people.

The indiscriminate digging of pits can lead to other environmental problems. If for example the site of the pit is not well chosen, they might be a danger to rivers or wells. Once it rains, the water source will become contaminated. Another environmental hazard is that when people throw their rubbish into pits, they do that indiscriminately.

Another method of refuse disposal is by burning or incinerating. It is not the best method of refuse disposal because burning results in environmental pollution.

So what is the solution? To throw our rubbish into rivers or streams? Certainly not. Each society has to look for the best way to dispose of its rubbish. But, perhaps the first thing to do is to educate each and every one of us to think about how best we can dispose of the every rubbish which we create. Things like plastic bags can contaminate the soil. The best thing to do is to educate each and every one.

QUESTIONS

1-What problem does the author think we, as a nation, have? /1mk _____

2-Define “**rubbish disposal**”. /1mk _____

3-Do you think it is right for children to be responsible for refuse

disposal?/2mks_____

4-List four (04) ways of refuse disposal mentioned in the passage./2mks_____

5- What precautions must we take if we want to dig a pit for our refuse disposal? (**give at least 2 examples**)/2mks_____

6-Why, in the author's opinion, is it important to select what we want to put in a pit? /2mks_____

SECTION D: ESSAY /10Marks

Write an essay of between 200 and 250 words on one of the following topics.

- 1- Imagine that there have been many disturbances at your school. You have been called upon to give a talk about the importance of peace and cooperation among the students in your school. Write your speech in which you clearly outline the importance of discipline and the respect for college rules and regulations.
- 2- You are in a boarding school in Buea and your parents live in Yaoundé. Write them a letter to explain the choice of your future career. You may indicate why you think you are sure you would be successful in that profession. Your address is Saint Joseph's College, Sasse, P O Box 54, Buea. Your name is Peter Emeka.