



First Year Entrance Exam
English curriculum

ENGLISH LANGUAGE EVALUATION

Duration: 2 hours

Anonymat _____

GRAMMAR/20 Marks

I- Use the space provided to rewrite the following sentences as requested in brackets/10mk

1- "Marc will work hard next term", their teacher said. (Reported speech)

2- The coach has worn the medals for hours. (Put in the present perfect continuous)

3- "I wear a very nice pair of trousers", Alima said. Alima said that he _____ a very nice pair of trousers. (wears, had worn, wore)

3- I am a student footballer , _____? (Question tag)

4- Paula is the best student in her school, but she failed the exam.

In spite of _____

5- He will be completely out of context unless you keep him posted.

Provided that _____

6- These bosses are too lenient. They can't run a public school. **(Join the sentences without "and", "so" or any punctuation)**

7- "Will you come on time today?" the chief asked his collaborators. **(Reported speech)**

You are very rude, get out, _____? **(complete with the correct tag)**

- 8- Nobody knew there was fire inside, _____? ((**didn't he, did he, did they, didn't they**))
- 9- By May 2014 most of us _____ (will be studying, will study, will have been studying) in this school _____ (during, for, since) seven years.

II- Complete the sentences with your own word./2.5mks

- 1-Many donators attended the event but _____ of them satisfied our needs. We were disappointed.
- 2- Mathematics _____ our poorest subject.
- 3-We can wait _____ Saturday.
- 4-James ate most of the food and threw away _____ he couldn't eat.
- 5- I have _____ to tell you. Leave my house and go back to yours.

Vocabulary/10 marks

I- Match the words with their definitions. Write the corresponding letter in C/2.5mks

Words	Definitions	C
1)wetlands	a)Chain that shows how all living things depend on each other for food and nourishment	1-
2)Habitat	b)Substances that make the air or water harmful to people, animals and plants	2-
3) effluents	c)Swamp lands	3-
4)Food web	d)Natural surroundings in which animals or plants live	4-
5) Pollutants	e)Liquid waste from sewage, factories and so on	5-

II-Complete the following definitions with your own nouns and compound nouns/5mks

- 1-A drug that is used to treat malaria is an _____ - _____ drug.
- 2- A mosquito net that has been treated with an insecticide is an _____ - _____ net.
- 3-A disease that threatens your life is a _____ - _____ disease.
- 4-Malaria does not always respond well to drugs because certain types of malaria are _____

5-The short period when a person has malaria is a _____.

II-Complete the definitions with words from the following list: viviparous plants, fossil, propagule, micro-filtration, salt excretion, pores, salt glands./2.5mks

1-Bone, shell, plant, animal shape preserved in rock, ice or cream: _____

2-Minute openings: _____

3-Young plants remained attached to parent plant until it germinates: _____

4-Young embryo of a viviparous plant: _____

5-Natural process of water purification in the plant: _____

READING COMPREHENSION /10 MARKS

Read the following passage carefully and then answer the questions below it.

Professor Onesmo Ole-Moi Yoi is one of Africa's most prominent scientists. He has won international awards for his work. One of his main concerns is the lack of progress in the fight against malaria. He has been actively engaged in research in this area and this has led him to the view that the fight against malaria should be a holistic one: we need to use drugs, kill larvae, educate communities and learn more about traditional ways of combating malaria. It is unnecessary, though, to look for a "silver bullet" which will finally kill all mosquitoes.

The problem, he says, is that the fight against malaria has shifted from trying to control larvae to treating the disease with drugs; in other words, there has been a shift from prevention to cure. But now that malaria has become resistant to drugs, there needs to be a shift back to prevention. And we can't wait another 30 years for an effective vaccine to be developed.

He also believes that there has never been a scarcity of knowledge about how to deal with malaria and that some of these traditional methods of prevention should be revisited. The Chinese, for example, have for a long time successfully used a natural drug extracted from a plant. This drug, artemisinin, is widely used in South-east Asia where other treatments like chloroquine and suphadoxine-pyrimethamine are also proving to be ineffective as resistance to them has built up. The plant from which this drug is extracted also grows in East Africa. Natural pesticides are also available. The bacteria *Bacillus thuringiensis* kills mosquito larvae. He believes this is a better option than DDT, which, although it has been used to control larvae successfully in other countries, is not environmentally friendly. Other scientists disagree and have argued that DDT should be used again.

Communities also need to be educated to help control the problem, for example, by eliminating mosquito breeding grounds. In Kenya, it was discovered that there were recurrent epidemics of malaria in the highlands where the bricks are made. The mosquitoes were breeding in abandoned brick pits. Some scientists also found that mosquitoes were breeding in abandoned fishing ponds.

So, there's hope, especially with African scientists like Professeur Ole-MoiYoi taking the lead in active research to battle this huge problem.

QUESTIONS

1- Give a title to the passage. 1mk

2- Give the definition. (2mks) holistic:

Breeding grounds: _____

3- Name 2 traditional methods of prevention of malaria.(1mk) _____

4- What is the difference between these two pesticides: *Bacillus thuringiensis* and DDT? ____

5- In a context where many people die of malaria, what should be the priority, prevention or cure?

Why? (2mks) _____

6- Name four actions suggested by Pr Onesmo to combat malaria efficiently. (2mks) _____

ESSAY WRITING/10mks

Choose ONE topic and write an essay of between 250-300 words.

1- As the president of the Environment club of your school, write a speech about the importance of keeping the town clean and protecting the environment. Your name is Fomeka Alex and your school is Collège le Succès.

2- If you were the president of country, what would you do to stop the mass exodus of youths to foreign countries? Write a letter to the minister of Youth to make suggestions. Your name ASSOM Jeffrey and your School is GBHS Akwa, POBox 5165, Douala.

Blank lined paper for writing.